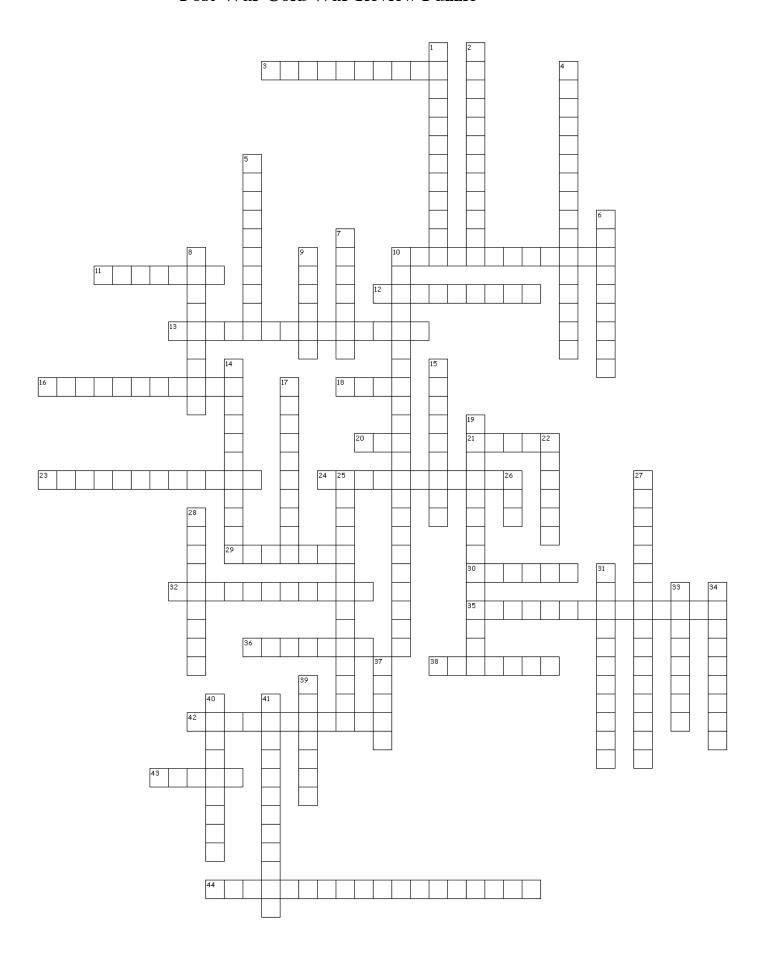
Post-War Cold War Review Puzzle



Across

Down

- 3. Refugees who fled Vietnam by sea; many ended up in the United States
- 10. Johnson's plan to end poverty and improve education; it was curtailed because of the Vietnam War.
- 11. President who escalated involvement in the Vietnam War at the expense of his Great Society programs.
- 12. The policy that gave openness and transparency to the Russian government during the end of the Cold War
- 13. President Nixon's "secret plan" to get the United States out of Vietnam.
- 16. Chemical defoliant used to clear areas of suspected Viet Cong activity; caused illness in humans exposed to it
- 18. The treaty organization whose main goal was to deter communism among members in Europe. Abbr.
- 20. Reagan's plan to put satellites in orbit that could shoot down missiles; nicknamed "Star Wars." Abbr.
- 21. Elected in 1968 after campaigning with a "secret" plan to end the Vietnam War; drew down troops even while continuing bombing Vietnam and Cambo
- 23. The idea that if one country would fall to communism than many others would start to fall
- 24. Post WWII fear of communism led to this period of questioning and blacklisting of suspected communists; result of red scare.
- 29. Action that the US took to stop the Soviet blockade of the city of Berlin.
- 30. Called the USSR an "Evil Empire" and wanted to boost our military spending so we could face the Soviets with strength.
- 32. The Vietnam War relied heavily on the use of these aircraft to bring troops in and out of the fighting and to evacuate the wounded
- 35. The policy that stated that the United States would support any people that were fighting against communism.
- 36. The Vietnam Veterans Memorial holds the names of over 58,000 Americans who were killed in the war: it is also known by this nickname
- 38. policy enacted by Nixon that lessened Cold War tensions between the US and China and the USSR.
- 42. Policy that stated that the US would fight to keep communism from spreading in Europe and Asia.
- 43. A massacre of civilians that took place in a small village in Vietnam
- 44. Tense standoff between the US and the USSR over whether nuclear weapons would be put in Cuba.
- 1. This series of battles during the holidays in Vietnam showed that the United States was losing even in the cities.
- 2. This law was passed after the Vietnam War in order to limit the power of the president
- 4. Missions in Vietnam in which Americans were sent to find the VietCong and destroy the villages that harbored them
- 5. Technology that helped John F. Kennedy to win the presidential election of 1960.
- 6. Failed invasion attempt by Cuban exiles under the Kennedy administration to overthrow Castro in Cuba.
- 7. MacArthur General who was fired after he suggested the United States use nuclear weapons in Korea.
- 8. Popular leader of communist Vietnam; was supported by 80% of Vietnamese people
- 9. City in Europe that became the center of the Cold War.
- 10. This act of Congress gave President Johnson authorization to escalate the conflict in Vietnam into a full-fledged war
- 14. The political movement that brought reform and restructuring in the Communist Party of the USSR
- 15. Leader who began implementing change in the Soviet Union that led to the fall of communism.
- 17. This was erected in 1961 to keep those from the east escaping to the west in a controversial city.
- 19. Actions that students and others took because of their disagreement with the Vietnam War.
- 22. jellied petroleum shot in flame throwers or dropped in bombs to destroy enemy areas; harmed civilians and some American soldiers as well
- 25. Movement of young people during the late 60s and early 70s that challenged the traditional way of doing things; some experimented with drugs.
- 26. The idea that kept the USSR and the US from having a all-out war with nuclear weapons. Abbr.
- 27. President Reagan became known as the "Teflon President" when he had his general Oliver North give money to the Nicaraguan rebels by selling arm
- 28. This was how the Korean War ended
- 31. The name that was given to the symbolic line across Europe separating communist countries and free ones.
- 33. Vietnamese communists who fought with querrilla tactics and often blended in with the people of South Vietnam
- 34. News that the US had been bombing Cambodia caused students of this university and Jackson State to protest the war in a new wave of activism.
- 37. The treaty organization whose main goal was to deter communism among members in South East Asia. Abbr.
- 39. brought us to the brink of the Cold War with the Cuban Missile Crisis
- 40. The "Forgotten War" from 1950-1953 that pitted the northern communists against the southern capitalists.
- 41. The policy that the United States would send aid to Western Europe in hopes they would reject communism.