The Political Spectrum

The Political Spectrum Instructions: First, fill in the labels across the top of the chart using the information from the next slide. Do the same on the back of the chart

sition Names: Left W	vina Moo	lerate Right	wing
Radical	Liberal	Conservative	Reactionary
			•
	(Go on to t	he next slide)	

The Political Spectrum

Right wing Left wing Moderate Reactionary Radical Liberal Conservative Instructions, continued: Next, number your chart according to the humbers in the next two slides. Then, use the following slides to fill in the notes by matching the numbers on the chart to the numbers in the sections of each slide. NOTE: MAKE YOUR NUMBERS SMALL SO YOU HAVE ROOM TO WRITE THE NOTES!

The Political Spectrum MAKE YOUR NUMBERS SMALL!

Ra	Left wing		tive Reactionary
1 Change	2	3	4
Tradition/ Reform	6	7	8
9 Human Nature	10	11	12

The Political Spectrum MAKE YOUR NUMBERS SMALL!

	Left w	ing Mode	rate Right	wing
R	Radical	Liberal	Conservative	Reactionary
13	3	14	15	16
Authority Personal Freedoms				
17	7	18	19	20
Gov't And Economy				
Political 2 Parties	1 (This	s one goes all th	ne way across o	n one slide)
People 2	2 (This	one goes all th	e way across o	n one side)

Radical

Liberal

1 - "rad" = root; change at the root level

Views about: - System is corrupt;

Change must create new one

Example: weeds – must pull them out by the roots; plant something new

Saying: "Start over from scratch"

2

"liber" = free (seeks liberties, rights)

- Change things; solve problems
- find new ways of doing things
- change within the system
- Change is good the future can be even better

Saying: "Don't get stuck in a rut"

Buzz words: Reform; Progressive; Change = Progress

Conservative

Reactionary

3

- Conserve = protect, preserve

- Maintain the status quo; keep things the way they are (the present is good)

- Need good reasons to change

Saying: "If it ain't broke, don't fix it!"

4 "React" – respond to change

- Regress (go back) to the way things used to be (the past was good)

- Hostile to change

Saying: "Back in the good ol'days..."



Radical

Liberal

Tradition and reform

Different traditions & heritages are divisive & dangerous

Therefore, include all people by doing away with differences, by force, if necessary

Saying: "Religion is the opiate of the people."

Support diversity of all groups

Therefore, willing to question traditions and heritage -- may see some in need of change

Accept multiple cultures, holidays, and/or lifestyles

Saying: "Can't we all get along?"

Become more inclusive

Conservative

Reactionary

Tradition and reform

- 7 Confidence in & love of tradition and heritage (in USA = WASP)
 - Certain amount of conformity "should do this"

Buzz words: "Family values;" "the American Way"

- 8 Must be part of the accepted "traditional" group
 - If not, you are excluded, by force, if necessary

Deport, enslave, imprison, or eliminate excluded groups ex.: the Holocaust, "Ethnic cleansing," genocide

Become more exclusive

Radical

Liberal

Views about human nature Work to make all people equal -- people will become happy and not need gov't

Until then, full government control to institute reform

Communes; Communism 10

Optimistic – people are basically good: controlled by how they are *nurtured*

- -Based on Enlightenment ideals: "tabula rasa" or "blank slate"
- -People can be trusted and can change – gov't should make reform, education, and social programs

control

Conservative

Reactionary

Human nature

11 12 Pessimistic – people More and are basically bad in

more social their nature: born bad can't reform a person's

nature

Based on Biblical concept of "original sin"

- -Favors fewer government programs -- fears people will abuse them
- Government's role should be to rein in human nature

Police state Dictatorship: Fascism

- Rule by the elite few; hierarchy of privilege
- Persecution of excluded groups

More and

more

eco-

nomic

control

Radical

Liberal

Authority and Personal Freedoms (Role of Gov't)

Ultimate goal:

everyone
is equal and
content -No need for
gov't

For now, make everyone equal (the same) through force

No individuality – you can't be different

14 Favors personal
freedoms for the
masses – especially
in the areas of social
issues and First
Amendment rights

More social equality; workers' rights; regulate business for the sake of society

Conservative

Reactionary

Authority and Personal freedom

Favors more authority over the masses

Fewer individual freedoms, aside from in business

Control social behavior (protects tradition)

More and more social control

16

Authoritarian dictatorship; Fascism -- complete control

Remove opposition with force

(imprison, deport, eliminate opposition)

Radical

Liberal

Gov't and the Economy:

Against capitalism
All property owned
by the state –
industries
"nationalized"

Communism and
Collectivism everyone works for
the common good

Gulags (work camps) and "purges" of those who will not conform 18

Gov't should regulate business (labor laws, environmental safety, consumer standards, etc.)

Create gov't programs to help the masses; taxes required (price of doing business)

Capitalism accepted, with restrictions

Conservative

Reactionary

Gov't and Economy

19

Laissez-Faire capitalism: Gov't leaves business alone

Decrease social welfare & other gov't programs – Small gov't is best:

- lighten regulations
- reduce taxes
- tax breaks for business

Exception: gov't programs to help business (tariffs, subsidies, recent bailouts)

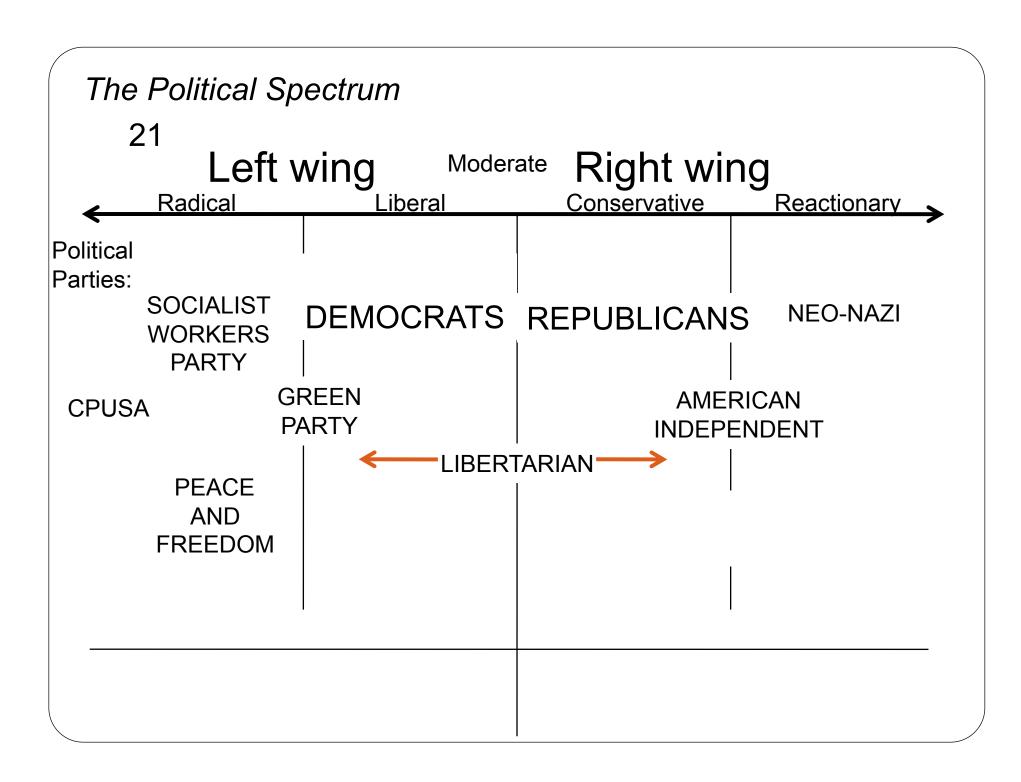
20

Symbiotic relationship

business and dictators can work together; mutually beneficial

Discriminatory laws against social groups

ex.: Jews restricted from certain jobs in Nazi Germany; later made into slaves



The Political Spectrum

Left wing

Moderate

Right wing

Radical	Liberal	Conservative	Reactionary
People who Lenin fit the descrip- tion: (historical and current) Fidel Castro Mao	union activists civil rights groups Gandhi M.L. King Cesar Chavez OBAMA	big business Tea Party movement Minuteman	KKK Hitler Saddam Hussein Project Taliban Al Qaeda Neo-Nazis