

Chapter 2: American Experiments
1521 – 1700 (Pages 40-75)

Name _____
Per. ____ Date _____ Row ____

I. Introduction

A. **Chattel Slavery**

B. Three types of colonies in the Americas by 1700 (list and describe/define):

II. Spain's Tribute Colonies

A. Spain in the Americas – what Spain got from the colonies, what they brought over; consequences for other European nations

B. **Encomiendas** – what were they, who got them; long term effects

C. Gold and Silver – Sources, where it went, side effects

D. Casta System – what it was, different groups within it and who they were

E. **Columbian Exchange** – what it was; what went to Europe, what went to the Americas; effects

F. Rivalry with England – who was the ruler, who did the English employ against Spain

G. **Outwork System** – what it was

H. **Mercantilism** – what it was

III. Plantation Colonies

A. Brazilian Sugar Colonies and Virginia's Tobacco Colonies – compare and contrast: relationship with Native Americans and other forms of forced labor; impact and economic role of the crops produced there

B. **House of Burgesses** – what it was, where it was, what it did

C. **Royal Colony** – what it is; why was it put in place

D. Lord Baltimore – who he was; relationship with Maryland and his reasons behind it

E. **Freeholds** – what they were; where they were found

F. **Headright System** – what it was; where it was first developed; economic and social consequences

G. Indentured Servitude – what it was; what conditions were like

H. Africans in English colonies – how African rights and social standing changed over the 17th century

IV. Neo-European Colonies

A. New France – where it was; interactions with the Native Americans; role of priests

B. Iroquois – where they were; what their strategic advantage was; why they lasted so long as a power

C. Plymouth v. Jamestown – Compare and contrast reasons for successes/failures

D. **Pilgrim** – who they were; where they went

E. **Puritans** – who they were; why they came to America

F. **Joint-Stock Cooperation** – what it was; what colony was it associated with and by who

G. **Predestination** – what it meant; what religion and societal group it was associated it with

H. **Toleration** – what it means; associated with which colony and which colonial founder

I. **Covenant of Works vs. Covenant of Grace** – this argument introduced by whom; difference between the two

J. **Town Meetings** – what they were; who participated in them; purpose

V. Instability, War, and Rebellion

A. Metacom – who he was; reasons for his uprising; impact of his uprising

B. Bacon's Rebellion – who it was led by; where it took place; reasons for rebellion; impact of rebellion