

I. Introduction

A. The American Revolution – how American social life changed; larger consequences

II. The Trials of War, 1776-1778

A. British advantage – compare British and American troops and resources

B. **Battle of Long Island** – main leaders of each side and what happened

C. **Battle of Saratoga** – when it was and what happened

D. Patriot Women – how and why they aided the war effort

E. **Valley Forge** – significance; Baron von Steuben and his contribution

III. The Path to Victory, 1778-1783

A. The French Alliance – why America and France were unlikely partners; Comte de Vergennes

B. War in the South – Britain's revised military strategy; the role of African Americans in the war, **Philipsburg Proclamation**

C. **Battle to Yorktown** – what happened and who was involved

D. The Patriot Advantage – factors that made Washington so successful

E. **Currency Tax** – what it was

F. **Treaty of Paris** – what it was

IV. Creating Republican Institutions, 1776-1787

A. **Pennsylvania constitution of 1776** – what it was

B. **Mixed government** – define

C. **Women Seek a Public Voice** – Eliza Wilkinson vs. Abigail Adams vs. Judith Sargent Murray; what each wanted/believed

D. **Articles of Confederation** – what they were, important points, weaknesses

E. **Northwest Ordinance of 1787** – what it was; unintended future consequences

F. **Shays's Rebellion** – what it was, outcome

V. **The Constitution of 1787**

A. **Virginia Plan** – what it was, who wrote it, key points

B. **New Jersey Plan** – what it was, who wrote it, key points

C. The Great Compromise – what it was

D. Slavery – how it complicated the debates, three-fifth compromise

E. **Federalists** – define

F. **Antifederalists** – define

G. **Federalist No. 10** – what it was, who wrote it, main argument

H. Ratification – how it finally happened